POWER-PACKER®

Installation and Service Manual Air Powered Hydraulic Landing Gear

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| SECTION | CONTENT | PAGE |
|---------|----------------------------|------|
| 1.0 | RECEIVING INSTRUCTIONS | 2 |
| 2.0 | SAFETY ISSUES | 2 |
| 3.0 | HYDRAULIC FLUID AND GREASE | 3 |
| 4.0 | FRONT MOUNT INSTALLATION | 4 |
| 5.0 | REAR MOUNT INSTALLATION | 8 |
| 6.0 | CONTROL BOX | 11 |
| 7.0 | MASTER VALVE | 13 |
| 8.0 | LEVELING VALVE | 14 |
| 9.0 | MANUAL BOOSTER VALVE | 15 |
| 10.0 | CHECK VALVE | 16 |
| 11.0 | CHECK VALVE REPAIR | 17 |
| 12.0 | LEG ASSEMBLY PARTS | 19 |
| 13.0 | LEG ASSEMBLY REPAIR | 20 |
| 14.0 | STIFF LEG PARTS | 21 |
| 15.0 | CHECKING OIL | 22 |
| 16.0 | PREVENTITIVE MAINTENANCE | 23 |
| 17.0 | REPLACEMENT SHOES | 25 |
| 18.0 | MOUNTING ACCESSORIES | 26 |
| 19.0 | LEG IDENTIFICATION | 27 |
| 20.0 | SYSTEM OPERATION | 28 |
| 21.0 | MANUAL BOOST CONTROL BOX | 31 |
| 22.0 | AUTO-BOOST CONTROL BOX | 33 |
| 23.0 | MASTER VALVE PARTS | 35 |
| 24.0 | AUTO-BOOST PARTS | 36 |
| 25.0 | AUTO-BOOST SUB-ASSEMBLY | 37 |
| 26.0 | POWER VALVE ASSEMBLY | 38 |
| 27.0 | SYSTEM OPERATION | 39 |
| 28.0 | AUTO-BOOST SCHEMATIC | 43 |
| 29.0 | TROUBLESHOOTING | 44 |
| 30.0 | WARRANTY | 47 |

AIR POWERED HYDRAULIC LANDING GEAR

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1.0 Important Receiving Instructions

Visually inspect all components for shipping damage prior to installation. Shipping damage is not covered by warranty. If shipping damage is found, notify carrier at once. The carrier is responsible for all repair and replacement costs resulting in damage from shipment. For most current manual, see http://www.powerpackerus.com

Product descriptions and specifications are subject to change. For specific versions related to your product, contact us.

2.0 Safety Issues

Read all instructions, warnings and cautions carefully. Follow all safety precautions to avoid personal injury or property damage during system operation. Power-Packer cannot be responsible for damage or injury resulting from unsafe product use, lack of maintenance or incorrect product and/or system operation. Do not remove warning labels, tags or decals. Contact Power-Packer when in doubt as to the safety precautions and operations.

This manual follows a system of safety alert symbols, signal words and safety messages to warn the user of specific hazards. Failure to comply with these warnings could result in serious personal injury or death, as well as damage to equipment or other property.

This is a Safety Alert Symbol that appears throughout this manual. It is used to alert you to potential physical injury hazards. Pay close attention to Safety Alert Symbols and obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible serious personal injury or death.

Safety Alert Symbols are used in conjunction with certain Signal Words that call attention to safety messages or property damage messages and designate a degree or level of hazard seriousness. The Signal Words used in this manual are WARNING, CAUTION, and NOTICE.

WARNING indicates a hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

CAUTION indicates a hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

NOTE indicates information considered important, but not hazard-related (e.g. messages related to property damage.)







Installation and Service Manual Air Powered Hydraulic Landing Gear



Our experience indicates that mixtures of oil and fuel oil cause seals to swell, resulting in subsequent sticking or sluggish action on the landing legs.

3.0 Hydraulic Fluid and Grease Specifications

Power-Packer recommends using a quality ISO 15 anti-wear hydraulic fluid for most applications. If operating in cold temperatures slower operation will occur. If slower operation in cold weather affects your operations, we recommend using a fluid specially-formulated for cold temperatures. We have found that ISO 15 anti-wear hydraulic fluids work well with Power-Packer systems to -20° F.

If consistently operating at temperatures below -20°F, then we recommend hydraulic fluids conforming to MIL-PRF-5606H or MIL-H-5606A (obsolete). If you have any questions regarding fluid recommendations, please call us.

Power Packer Hydraulic Lubricant Recommendations

Cold Weather Fluids (ISO 15 HVI)

| Brand | Trade Name | ISO Viscosity Grade |
|--------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| Mobile | DTE 10 Excel 15 | 15 |
| Kendall | Hyken Glacial Blu | 15 |
| Chevron | Rando HDZ 15 | 15 |
| Phillips 66 | Arctic Low Pour | 15 |
| Shell | TellusS2 V 15 | 15 |
| Schaeffer | 275SW ISO 15 | 15 |

Extreme Cold Weather Fluids (MIL-H-5606A)

| Brand | Trade Name | ISO Viscosity Grade |
|-------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| Phillips 66 | X/C 5606A | 15 |
| Mobil | Aero HFA | N/A |
| Royco | 756A | N/A |
| Shell | AeroShell Fluid 4 | N/A |
| Chevron | 5606A | N/A |

Grease

| Brand | Trade Name | <u>NLGI</u> |
|--------------|-------------------------------|-------------|
| Mobile | Mobilux EP 0 | 0 |
| Mobile | Mobilux EP 004 | 00 |
| Chevron | Delo Grease EP 0 | 0 |
| Chevron | Delo Grease EP 00 | 00 |
| Phillips 66 | Multiplex Red 0 | 0 |
| Shell | Gadus S2 V220 0 | 0 |
| Schaeffer | 274 Moly EP Synthetic Plus 0 | 0 |
| Schaeffer | 274 Moly EP Synthetic Plus 00 | 00 |



Always grease leg in the **fully** retracted position.



Do not place any body parts (feet) below leg shoe while in operation. The operator must be fully aware of people's position in the trailer area.



Do not weld on truck frame.



Split collar to be located flush with bottom of well tube. Locate grease fitting in slot.



Install spacers between slit collars (4).

4.0 Front Mount Installation

Step 1-

Remove manually-operated landing gear (if applicable).

Step 2- Leg Mounting

Install landing gear legs to standard landing gear mounting brace. Allow 12" ground clearance with legs fully retracted. Use 5/8"- 18 UNF grade 5 hex head cap screws and hex nuts. Torque to 100 ft-lbs. All mounting holes must be used.

Step 3 - Bracing

Brace leg as shown. Any bracing system must brace the **bottom** of the landing gear leg to structural members of the trailer in two directions 90° apart. Make sure bracing will not interfere with tractor. Use proper size (5/8") or bigger, grade 5 or better.

Do not weld bracing and/or ears directly to weld tube. Weld to split collar only. Split collar to be located flush with the bottom of weld tube. Locate grease fitting in slot. Do **not** weld split collar to leg. Install spacers between split collars. Do not use split collar bolts to attach bracing. Split collar bolts should be **torqued to 20 ft-lbs.** Do not weld on collar while on leg.

Step 4 - Control Box Mounting

Determine desired control box location. No part of control box or handles should extend beyond the sides of the trailer. A 10- and 12-foot high pressure hose, and 25 feet of low-pressure tubing are supplied as standard. If other lengths are needed, please call Power-Packer.

Hold control box in desired location. Control box should not be touching any components except the hanger straps. Be sure trailer cross members are free of rust and undercoating where control box hanger straps make contact. Tack weld hanger straps in place. Remove hanger strap bolts and lower control box. Finish welding hanger straps to trailer cross members and remount control box. Torque mounting bolts (4) to 20 ft-lbs.

Step 5 - Plumbing

Cut emergency brake line (typical red gladhand and DOT tubing) and insert tee and 65-70 PSI pressure protection valve (part number 86640 PPV Kit). Bolt 86640 PPV to trailer with two bolts. Pressurized air is required to positively hold the legs up when the trailer is traveling, and to operate the legs when the trailer is parked. Then usual source of air is the tractor's compressor via the air supply line.

Figure 1 (page 7) is a circuit with a third gladhand that meets the above requirements. To operate landing gear, the operator moves the tractor's supply gladhand from the trailer's supply line connection to the 3rd gladhand (4). This sets the trailer's parking brakes and connects tractor air to landing gear's control box. The pressure protection valve's integral check valve prevents loss of air.

Figure 2 (page 7) is a two gladhand circuit. It uses the tractor air supply but does not release the air from the trailer brake system. The tractor parking brake must be set to keep the rig from moving during use.

Installation and Service Manual Air Powered Hydraulic Landing Gear

4.0 Front Mount Installation cont. CAUTION Do not weld on truck frame. Trailer Frame Weld Bolt to to Frame Cap Screws Mounting Mounting Step 2 Ear ars Attach to Underside of Frame Using Appropriate Brackets Cross Support Step 3 Leg Bolted to Cross Brace 0 451 Rear of Trailer Bracing for Side Support Grease fitting in split collar slot Step 4 Control Box 101676 - Old Design 9010001339 - New Design Note: 35.1 A design change was made in 1 2020 for the oil tanks on the Air/ 0 Oil control boxes. The 101676 0 was replaced with the 8 24.2 0 9010001339. The outside envelope dimensions have 9 0 00 changed, with the new design several inches larger. See the diagram (Left) for the old and new dimensions. The 100104 and 100106 have been replaced with 0 14 the 9010001342 and 9010001343 with identical dimensions

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Installation and Service Manual Air Powered Hydraulic Landing Gear



The parking brakes of the tractor and/or trailer will not function with the two gladhand circuit because the supply line is not vented when landing gear functions. The tractor parking brake and/or chocks should be used.

The three gladhand circuit will keep the trailer brakes on when thecontrol box is being used.



Figure 1 Item Descriptions:

- 1) Tee connector 3/8 NPT
- 2) Pressure protection valve 3/8 NPT 65-70 PSI and integral check valve
- 3) Check valve soft seal
- 4) Gladhand



Figure 2 Item Descriptions:

- 1) Tee connector 3/8 NPT
- Pressure protection valve 3/8 NPT 65-70 PSI and integral check valve

4.0 Front Mount Installation cont.

With a three gladhand system, in final preparation to move the trailer, the operator returns the tractor's red supply gladhand to the trailer's supply line connection. This returns the truck air system to normal while providing air via the tee and PPV valve assembly (1 and 2) to positively hold the legs up. Check valve (3) prevents the loss of air through the third gladhand.

With a two gladhand system the air supply from the Emergency Brake air supply line to the control box will hold the legs up. **The Parking brakes will not be set while the control box is being used.** An alternative method must be used to lock the trailer in place while using the control box, such as chocks, tractor manual parking brake, or locking the trailer to the dock.

Connect 1/2" OD DOT nylon tubing from the bottom port of each leg to a union tee midway between each leg. Connect 1 /2" 0.D. DOT nylon tubing from third connection of tee to bottom port of retract oil tank (see step 5).

Check to insure shunt valves are installed per item 14 on page 11. Connect 3/8" H.P. hose from top port of right (curb) side leg to HYD. R.H. leg port to manifold. Connect 3/8" H. P. hose from top port of leg (road) side leg to HYD. L.H. leg port on manifold. (See step 4)

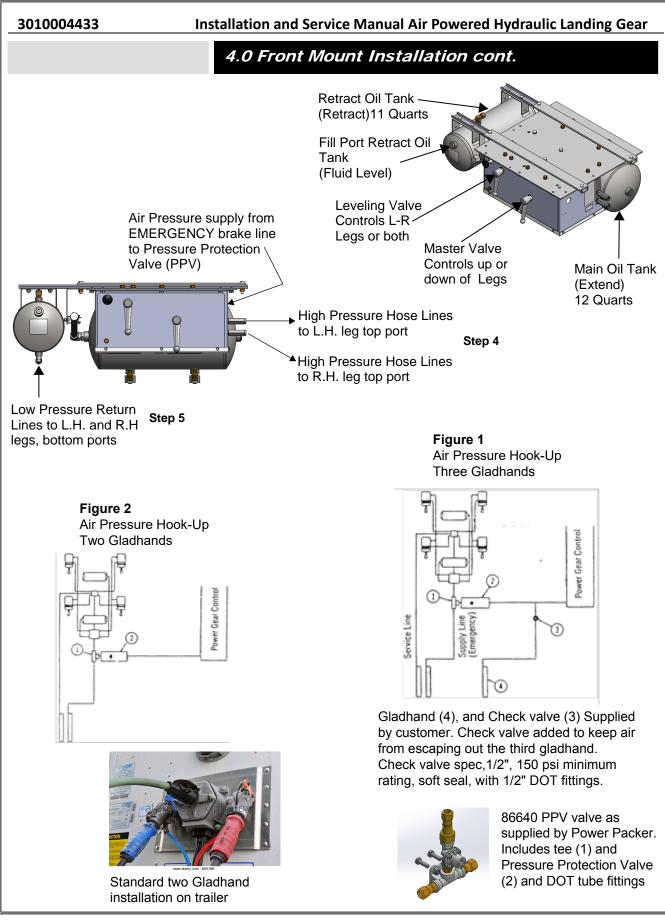
Step 6 - Filling

Connect air to trailer and move master valve handle to "up travel." When legs are fully retracted and air is no longer heard moving, remove fill cap from main oil tank extend fill tube. Fill main oil tank extend with 12 quarts of fluid. (See page 3 for fluid recommendations.) Replace fill cap.

Extend legs to ground. (Refer to front decal for operating instructions.) Fully retract legs. This procedure bleeds air from the extend side of the leg.

Extend legs to ground and cycle booster valve until legs are fully extended. Keep master valve in "down park" position. When air is no longer heard moving, remove retract oil tank fill plug. Fill retract oil tank with 12 quarts of fluid. Replace fill plug. Fully retract legs.

Additional operation by fully extending and retracting the legs may be required to bleed all air form the system (2 cycles minimum). Check all fittings and hoses for leaks. Secure hoses in a manner that will not cause chafing. Your system is now ready for use.



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5.0 Rear Mount Installation

Step 1

Determine location for landing gear legs. Normally, legs will be mounted between the rear tires. You should allow 6 inches of ground clearance (4 inches absolute minimum). Remember to allow for spring deflection when trailer is loaded.

Step 2 - Leg Mounting

This is one common way of mounting "rear mount" landing gear. Other methods may be used. When designing a mounting structure, provide enough strength to lift the trailer and proper bracing to take any side loading.

Remove wheels, if necessary. Cut a 6-inch channel to desired length (varies with trailer frame and leg stroke).

Weld a 12-inch long piece of 3/16" steel plate to the inside of the channel. These plates should be wide enough to place the center of the leg between the tires when the leg is mounted to the channel.

Weld a loose mounting plate (order from Power-Packer) to the channel at the proper height (per installation requirements).

Weld a split collar half to the mounting channel where the bottom of the well tube will be located. Weld this fabrication to the trailer frame. Fabricate second leg mounting structure in the same manner.

Mount legs using 5/8"-18 UNF grade 5 bolts. Torque to 100 ft-lbs.

Clamp remaining split collar halves in place with 1/2"-20 UNF grade 5 bolts. <u>Torque to 20 ft-lbs</u>.

Step 3 - Bracing

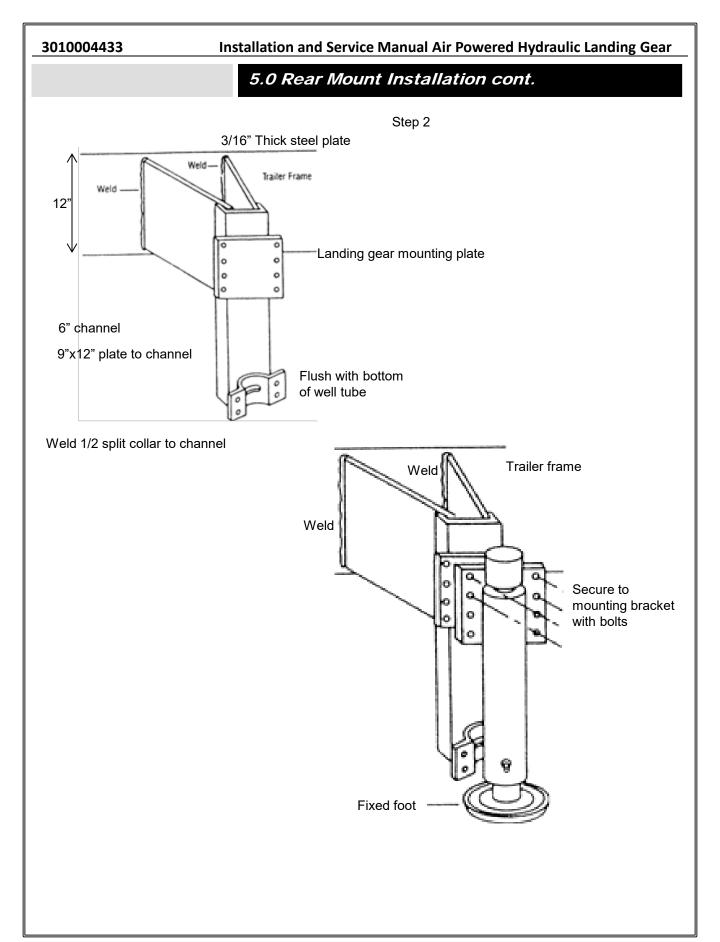
Other bracing systems may be used to suit the application. The bottom of each leg must be braced to the trailer frame members in two directions 90° apart. These braces should not be welded to the leg. They may be mounted to the split collar, channel, and/ or the cross brace near the leg. See page 5, steps 2 and 3 for clearer view of split collars.

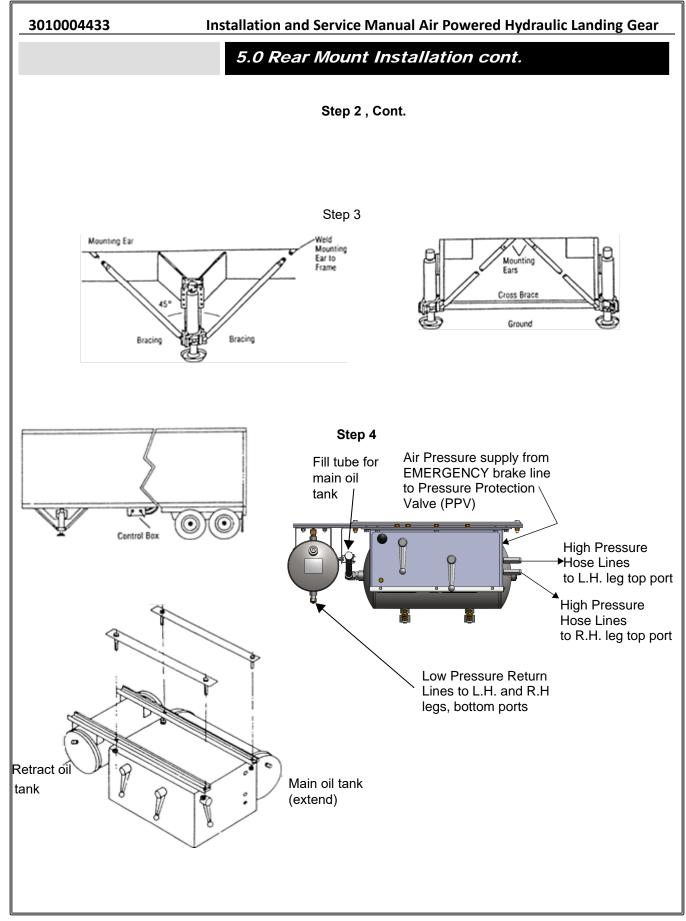
Weld cross brace from bottom of one channel to the other.

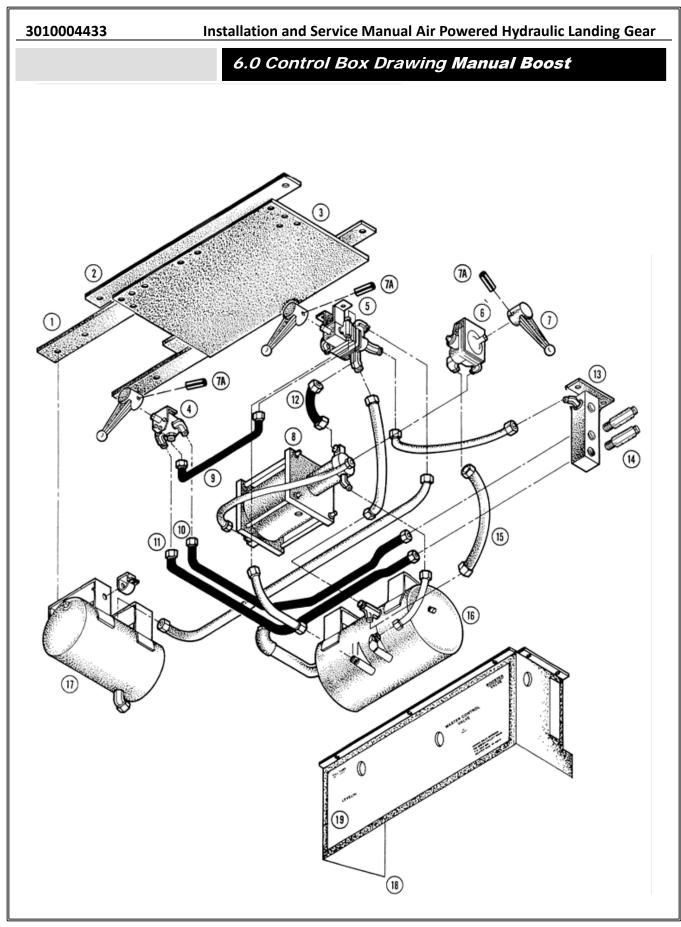
Weld a brace from the bottom of each channel to the trailer frame at 45° angle. This brace should be pointed directly away from the leg. On each side, weld bracing pointed straight forward and/or back ward at a 45° angle from each channel on the cross brace to the trailer frame.

Step 4 - Control Box Mounting

Please see Steps 4, 5 and 6 starting on Page 7 for control box mounting, plumbing and filling.







6.0 Control Box Parts List

| | Deat Nearthean | Description | |
|------|---------------------------|---|-------------|
| Item | Part Number | Description | Qty |
| 1-18 | 9010001339 | Control box (Auto Boost) | |
| | 9010001342, 9010001343 | Control box (Manual Boost) | |
| 1 | 100316 | Base channel | 2 |
| 2 | | Hanger strap | 2 |
| 3 | | Base plate | 1 |
| 4 | 100120 | Leveling valve | 1 |
| 5 | 100117 | Master valve | 1 |
| 6 | 100623 | Booster valve | 1 |
| 7 | 100327-ES | Handle kit | 2 |
| 7A | Included in 100327-ES kit | Roll pin | 2 |
| 0 | 101677 | Booster pump-Auto * | 1 |
| 8 | | | |
| 9 | 100320 | Steel line (master valve to leveling valve) | 1 |
| 10 | 100191 | Steel line (manifold to leveling valve) right leg | 1 |
| 11 | 100190 | Steel line (manifold to leveling valve) left leg | 1 |
| 12 | 100318 | Steel line (master valve to booster pump) | 1 |
| 13 | | Manifold | 1 |
| 14 | 1004-038 | Shunt valve* | 2 |
| 15 | 001-Bulk | Nylon tubing (typ) | as req'd |
| 16 | | Main oil tank (extend) | 1 |
| 17 | | Retract oil tank | 1 |
| 18 | | Cover | 1 |
| 19 | | Decal | 1 |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

* Control box (Standard) P/N 9010001342 Use Shunt Valve P/N 1004-043, no bottom cover * Control box (High Pressure) P/N 9010001343 Use Shunt Valve P/N 1004-038, no bottom cover

Control box (Standard) P/N 9010001342 - Booster pump 100639 Control box (High Pressure) P/N 9010001343 - Booster Pump 100641

Installation and Service Manual Air Powered Hydraulic Landing Gear

(20)

4

7.0 Master Valve

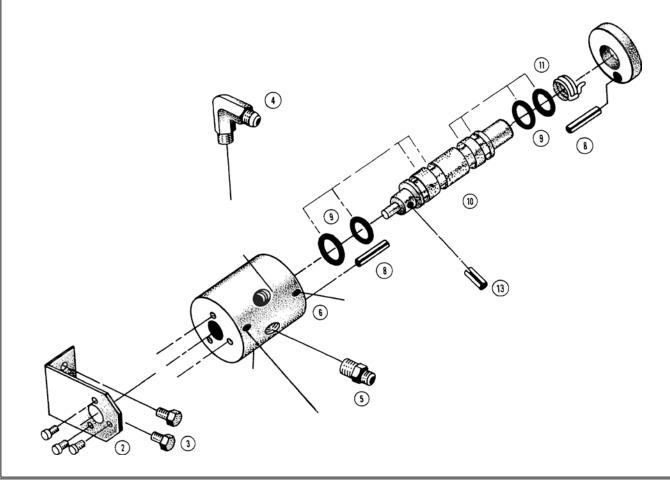
| ltem | Part Number | Description | Qty | Part Nos. 100117 |
|------|----------------|--|--------|---|
| 1 | * | Wiper | 1 | |
| 2 | | Oil Return Block | 1 | 100313 |
| 3 | | Branch T (3/8 npt x 08.37° flare) | 1 | |
| 4 | | 90° elbow (3/8 npt x ½ comp.) | 3 | |
| 5 | | Mounting bracket | 1 | |
| 6 | | Hex head cap screw (3/8-16x3/4 lg) | 2 | |
| 7 | | Lock Washer (3/8) | 2 | |
| 8 | | Front adapter plate | 1 | |
| 9 | | Socket head cap screw (1/4-28 x 5/8 lg.) | 2 | |
| 10 | * | O-ring (3/4 i.d. <i>x</i> 1/8 c.s | 2 | |
| 11 | | Valve spool | 1 | |
| 12 | | Roll pin (5/32 dia. x 1" lg.) | 1 | |
| 13 | | Roll pin (5/32 dia. x 1" lg.) | 4 | |
| 14 | | Rear adapter plate | 1 | |
| 15 | | Hex head cap screw (1/4-20 x 3/4 lg.) | 2 | |
| 16 | | Lock washer (1/4) | 2 | |
| 17 | * | O-ring (7/16 i.d. x 3/32 c.s.) | 1 | |
| 18 | | Air valve | 1 | |
| 19 | | Connector (3/8 npt x 1/2 comp.) | 1 | |
| 20 | | 45° elbow (3/8 npt x 1/2 comp.) | 1 | |
| 21 | | Grease fitting | 2 | |
| 22 | * | Gasket | 1 | La construction of the second s |
| 23 | | Roll pin (1/4 dia x 1 ½" lg.) | 1 | |
| 24 | | Roll pin (1/4 dia x 1" lg.) | 2 | |
| 25 | 001-Bulk | Vent tube | 1 | |
| * | | Contained in valve repair kit 100224 | | |
| | | | \sim | |

Installation and Service Manual Air Powered Hydraulic Landing Gear

8.0 Leveling Valve Part List & Drawing

Part No. 100120

| Item | Part Number | Description | Qty |
|------|----------------|--|-----|
| 1 | | Socket head cap screw (5/16-18 x 1/21g.) | 3 |
| 2 | | Mounting bracket | 1 |
| 3 | | Hex head cap screw (3/8-16 x 3/41g.) | 2 |
| 4 | | 90° elbow (3/8 npt x 08 37° flare) | 2 |
| 5 | | 90° elbow (3/8 npt x 08 37° flare) | 1 |
| 6 | | Valve body | 1 |
| 7 | | Grease fitting | 2 |
| 8 | | Roll pin (3/16 dia. x 1" lg.) | 2 |
| 9 | * | O-ring (3/4 i.d. x 1/8 c.s.) | 4 |
| 10 | | Valve spool | 1 |
| 11 | | Return spring | 1 |
| 12 | | Spring Collar | 1 |
| 13 | | Roll pin {1/4 dia. x 1-1/2 lg.) | 1 |
| * | | Contained in valve repair kit 100224 | |



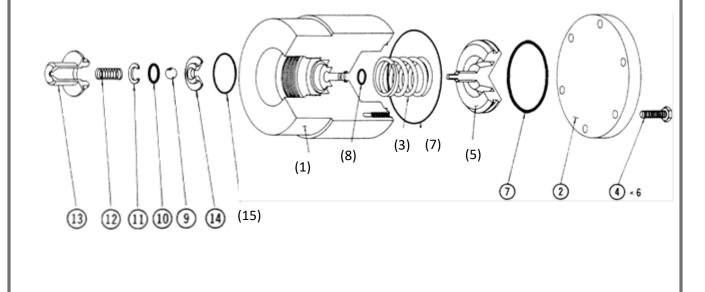
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|---|--|
| | 9.0 Manual Booster Valve |
| Valve is not repair Purchase a complete v assembly. | |
| No replacemer | nt parts available. Order complete replacement valve assemble |
| | |

Installation and Service Manual Air Powered Hydraulic Landing Gear

10.0 Check Valve Part List & Drawing

Part No. 100540

| ltem | Part Number | Description | Qty |
|------|----------------|--|-----|
| 1-15 | 100540 | Check valve assembly | 1 |
| 1 | | Check valve body | 1 |
| 2 | | Check valve cap | 1 |
| 3 | | Piston spring | 1 |
| 4 | | Hex head cap screw | 6 |
| 5 | | Check valve piston | 1 |
| 6 | * | O-ring | 1 |
| 7 | * | O-ring | 1 |
| 8 | * | Quad ring | 1 |
| 9 | * | Steel ball | 1 |
| 10 | * | O-ring | 1 |
| 11 | * | Check insert | 1 |
| 12 | * | Spring | 1 |
| 13 | | Check body insert | 1 |
| 14 | | Check insert top | 1 |
| 15 | * | O-ring | 1 |
| * | | These items contained in check valve repair kit 100221 | 1 |



Installation and Service Manual Air Powered Hydraulic Landing Gear

ACAUTION

Use eye protection.



Check valve cap and check valve piston are spring loaded.



Check valve parts are spring loaded.

11.0 Check Valve Repair Procedure

Use Repair Kit Part No. 100221

The item numbers listed below are the same as those listed on the check valve assembly drawing, page 17.

IMPORTANT:

- 1. Inspect all parts for scratches, nicks and other defects, replace if necessary.
- 2. All new seals and parts should be lightly coated with grease (grade 0 or 00) before reassembling.
- 3. Remove rust and other debris using a very fine steel wool if required. Do not use emery cloth because it leaves scratches in metal parts that causes excessive wear on o-ring and parts.
- 4. Remove **check valve assembly**, Part No. 100540 from leg by using strap wrench in a ccw manner. To do this without removing leg from trailer requires a 2" clearance above the check valve. Make sure all pressure is relieved before check valve is removed.
- 5. Thoroughly clean all hard parts before assembly.

DISASSEMBLY:

- A. To remove check valve from leg, make sure no weight is being supported by legs. Have legs slightly extended from full retract position to relieve any internal pressure in legs. Disconnect the hoses from the leg. You may wish to mark which hose goes to what port. Unscrew the check valve from the leg using counter clockwise rotation.
- B. Remove the six H.H.C.S., Item 4 and check valve cap, Item 2. Normally check valve piston, Item 5 and piston ring, Item 3 will release at this point. Remove o-rings, Items 6, 7,and 8. If check valve piston, Item 5 and piston spring, Item 3, do not release, proceed with C and D below and perform E below.
- C. Turn **check valve body**, Item 1, upside down. **Check insert body**, Item 13 is installed and held in by an interference fit. To remove slide a 5/8" deep socket onto **check insert body**, Item 13 and using a socket cheater bar in rigid position, work back and forth until **check insert body** is released.
- D. Remove o-ring, Item 15 and check insert top, item 14. Remove steel ball, Item 9, o-ring Item 10, check insert, Item 11 and spring, Item 12 form check insert body, item 13.
- E. If **check valve piston**, Item 5 has not released, lay **check valve body**, Item 1, on side and insert brass or aluminum drift punch form bottom side of **check valve body** and tap with light hammer.



ACAUTION

Use eye protection.



Check valve cap and check valve piston are spring loaded.

11.0 Check Valve Repair Procedure cont.

ASSEMBLY:

- 1. Place **insert check top**, Item 14 into counter bore flat side down. Place **o-ring**, Item 15 into shallow counter bore.
- Assemble check insert body, Item 13 by placing check insert, Item 11, in seat flat side down into check insert body, Item 13. Insert spring, Item 12, insert steel ball, Item 9, insert Teflon oring, Item 10 and press firmly into place.
- 3. Place **check insert body**, Item 13, into **check valve body**, Item 1, counter bore and use a large punch and light hammer to drive the **check insert body**, Item 13, into place. Interference fit.
- 4. Turn check valve assembly, 100540, right side up. Install quad ring, Item 8. Install o-ring, Item 6 on check valve piston, Item 5. Install piston spring, Item 3 on check valve piston, Item 5 and insert in piston cavity where Item 5 is located. Install o-ring, Item 7 in groove. Place check valve cap, Item 2 over check valve piston, Item 5 and compress to install H.H.C.S., Item 4 and torque to 9 ft.-lbs.
- 5. Reinstall on leg making sure that o-ring and backup washer are on piston rod and tighten check valve assembly, 100540 with strap wrench. The check valve may have to be rotated to connect the hoses. To do this, remove H.H.C.S., Item 8 (see leg assembly drawing page 20) and rotate check valve, clockwise only, so ports are accessible then reinstall H.H.C.S., Item 8. Connect hoses and cycle legs several items to bleed air from system, then check the oil level.

Installation and Service Manual Air Powered Hydraulic Landing Gear

12.0 Leg Assembly Part List & Drawing

| Item | Part Number 3.5" Bore 100540 | Part Number 4.0" Bore 100540 | Description Check valve assembly | Notes | Qty 1 |
|------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|-------|----------|
| 2 | | | O-ring | 1, 2 | 1 |
| 3 | | | Back-up washer | 1, 2 | 2 |
| 4 | | | O-ring | 1, 2 | 1 |
| 5 | | | Back- up washer | 1, 2 | 1 |
| 6 | | | Snap ring, 2" rod | 2 | 1 |
| 7 | | | O-ring | 2 | 1 |
| 8 | | | Hex head cap screw | | 1 |
| 9 | | | 3/8" lock washer | | 4 |
| 10 | | | Hex head cap screw | | 1 |
| 11 | | | Cylinder head retainer | | 1 |
| 12 | | | Retaining ring | 2 | 1 |
| 13 | | | Oil seal | 2 | 1 |
| 14 | | | Rod seal | 2 | 1 |
| 15 | | | O-ring | 2 | 1 |
| 16 | | | Back-up washer | 2 | 1 |
| 17 | | | Cylinder head | | 1 |
| 18 | * | * | Piston rod | | 1 |
| 19 | * | * | Weld tube | | 1 |
| 20 | | | Wear ring | 2 | 2 |
| 21 | | | Grease fitting | | 1 |
| 22 | | | Piston seal | 2 | 1 |
| 23 | | | O-ring/square seal | 2 | 1 |
| 24 | | | Back-up washer | 2 | 2 |
| 25 | | | Wear ring | 2 | 1 |
| 26 | | | Snap ring, 1.75 rod | | 1 |
| 27 | | * | Piston | | 1 |
| 28 | * | * | Cylinder tube | | 1 |
| 29 | | | Nylon ball | 2 | 1 |
| 30 | | | Set screw | 2 | 1 |
| 31 | 100346 | 100348 | Split collar assembly (not shown) | | 1 |
| | * | | State the part number and part description when ordering. | | |

Notes:

- 1. These items are contained in check valve repair kit part no. 100221 and are not available on an individual basis.
- 2. These items are contained in leg repair kit part no. 101086 (3.5" bore) or part no. 100422 (4.0" bore) and are not available on an individual basis.





When disassembling and reassembling the leg, care should be taken to keep all parts clean and to prevent parts from being damaged.



While lifting piston rod, oil will squirt out of side port at top of rod.



All seals should be coated lightly with grease before installation into leg.

13.0 Leg Assembly Repair Procedure

3.5" Bore Leg Repair Kit Part No. 101086 4.0" Bore Leg Repair Kit Part No. 100422

DISASSEMBLY/ASSEMBLY

The item numbers listed below are the same as those listed on the leg assembly drawing.

- 1. To remove leg from trailer, make sure no weight is being supported by legs. Have legs slightly extended from full retract position to relieve any internal pressure in legs. Disconnect the hoses from the leg. You may wish to mark which hose goes to what port. Remove the leg from the trailer.
- Remove the **lock valve**, Item 1 from the leg by screwing counter clockwise. (If you need only to repair the lock valve, it may be removed from leg while still on trailer if you have a minimum of 2" clearance above.)
- 3. Remove **o-rings** and **back-up washers**, Items 2, 3, 4 and 5. Using a snap ring pliers, remove **snap ring**, Item 6. Loosen **hex screw**, Item 8.
- 4. Lift **well tube**, Item 19 off lower leg assembly. Lift **piston rod**, Item 18 to gain access to top of **cylinder head**, Item 17.
- 5. Remove 4 **hex screws**, Item 10. Lift **cylinder head retainer**, Item 11. A wire or rubber band maybe used to hold Item 11 to sprocket near the top of the piston rod (out of the way).
- 6. Using a flat screwdriver, carefully remove **spiral retaining ring**, Item 12. Lift rod piston assembly out of **cylinder tube**, item 28.
- 7. For snap ring style piston retainers, Use a large snap ring pliers to remove heavy duty snap ring Item 26 and remove the piston, Item 27, cylinder head, Item 17, retaining ring, Item 12 and cylinder head retainer, Item 11. For threaded design pistons, remove set screw Item 30, unthread piston, Item 27, remove cylinder head, Item 17, retaining ring, Item 12 and cylinder head, Item 17, retaining ring, Item 12 and cylinder head, Item 17, retaining ring, Item 12 and cylinder head, Item 17, retaining ring, Item 12 and cylinder head, Item 17, retaining ring, Item 12 and cylinder head retainer, Item 11.
- Remove all seals and wear rings. Clean all parts. Inspect all bearing surfaces tor scratches, nicks or other defects; replace if necessary. Replace all wear rings and lightly lubricate all seals before installing on legs.
- Carefully reassemble the leg in reverse order as described above. Where applicable, torque **piston**, Item 27 to 40-50 ft-lbs. Apply 2 drops of Loctite 277 or equivalent to **set screw**, Item 30 and torque to 50 in./lbs.
- 10. Return leg to trailer and reconnect all hoses. Apply grease to **grease fittings**, Item 21 and cycle legs fully several times to bleed air from the system. Check oil level as described in maintenance section of manual.

Installation and Service Manual Air Powered Hydraulic Landing Gear

14.0 Stiff Legs Part List

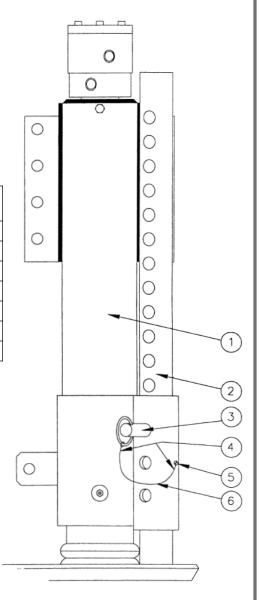


When ordering parts for a stiff leg model, all parts are common with a non-stiff leg model (see page 20), except for the parts below.



Items 3, 4, 5 can be purchased in Hitch pin kit part no. 101504.

| ltem | Part Number | Description | Qty |
|------|----------------|--------------------------------------|-----|
| 1 | * | Weld tube | 1 |
| 2 | * | Stiff leg | 1 |
| 3 | | Cotterless hitch pin | 1 |
| 4 | | Ferrule | 2 |
| 5 | | Screw | 1 |
| 6 | | Cable | 1 |
| | * | State the part number when ordering. | |



Installation and Service Manual Air Powered Hydraulic Landing Gear



Correct oil levels in both tanks on landing gear is very important.

15.0 Checking Oil

CHECKING OIL LEVELS

Procedure for checking and filling both oil tanks:

- **1. Main Oil Tank.** Tank is located behind controls on control box. Fill tube to left side of control box.
 - a. Move master valve handle to "up travel" right.
 - b. When legs are fully retracted and air is no longer heard moving, remove fill tube cap.
 - c. Fill main oil tank until additional oil will not be accepted.
 - d. When legs are fully retracted and air is no longer heard moving, remove fill tube cap.
 - e. Fill main oil tank until additional oil will not be accepted. The tank will hold approximately 17 Qts.
- 2. Retract Oil Tank. Tank is located to left of control box.
 - a. Move master valve to "down park" left and extend both legs to ground. Cycle booster valve (right side of control box) manually or hold auto booster button in (on auto booster system) until both legs are fully extended.
 - b. When air is no longer heard moving, remove retract oil side tank fill plug and fill until additional oil will not be accepted. Replace fill plug. The tank will hold approximately 12 Qts.
 - c. Move master valve to "up travel" and fully retract both legs.
 - d. Cycle system 2 complete cycles to insure all air is removed from system.



Check valve parts are spring loaded.





In order to obtain continued high performance from your landing gear unit, we recommend following the yearly service procedure.



NLGI grade "00" or "0" lithium grease, use hand grease gun only.

16.0 Preventive Maintenance

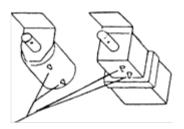
In order to obtain continued high performance from your landing gear unit, we recommend the following yearly service procedure:

1. Change Oil

- a. With legs fully extended and master valve in "down park," drain retract oil tank by removing nylon line at bottom of tank or plug if equipped. Reconnect and refill with up to 12 quarts of approved fluid to fill port level.
- b. Connect air supply to system and fully retract legs (leave handle in "up travel").
- c. Disconnect air supply from system.
- d. Disconnect top hydraulic line at each leg and put ends into container to catch oil.
- e. Connect air supply to system.
- f. Very slowly, move master valve handle toward "down park" position until oil starts coming out of lines. Leave in this position until all oil has been exhausted from main tank.
- g. Move master valve handle to "up travel" position and reconnect lines to leg.
- h. Remove filler cap from end of fill pipe of main oil tank and fill with up to 17 quarts of approved fluid.
- i. Operate landing gear for at least two full cycles (complete leg strokes) to bleed air from system.
- 2. Check all hydraulic lines and fittings for leaks and worn spots. Replace any defective lines and fittings.
- 3. Check tor loose bolts and nuts.

LUBRICATION OF LANDING GEAR SYSTEMS

In order to provide continued performance of your landing gear system, the following lubrication procedures are required at approximately six month intervals:



Inject anti-seize to all 4 grease fittings (LOCTITE or "FELPRO" CS-A). If unavailable, use NLGI grade "00" or "0" lithium grease.



FOR MANUAL BOOST ONLY Spray WD-40 or equivalent into vent hole on bottom of boost unit

Installation and Service Manual Air Powered Hydraulic Landing Gear



In order to obtain continued high performance from your landing gear unit, we recommend following the yearly service procedure.

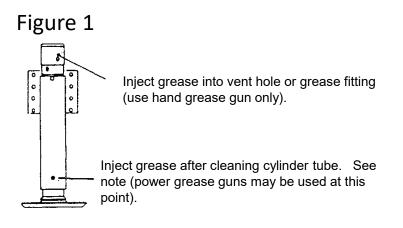


Fully extend leg and wipe old grease off cylinder tube. Retract leg and as leg is retracting apply grease to grease fittings at bottom of well tube. 16.0 Preventive Maintenance cont.

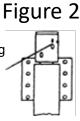
LUBRICATION OF LANDING GEAR SYSTEMS cont.

Inject grease into vent hole (on front of new soft seat check valve) (Figure 1) and on the rear of older hard seat check valve (Figure 2) using a rubber tip adapter ("Lubrimatic" code 11860). Check valves produced after July 1987 have a grease fitting without a ball.

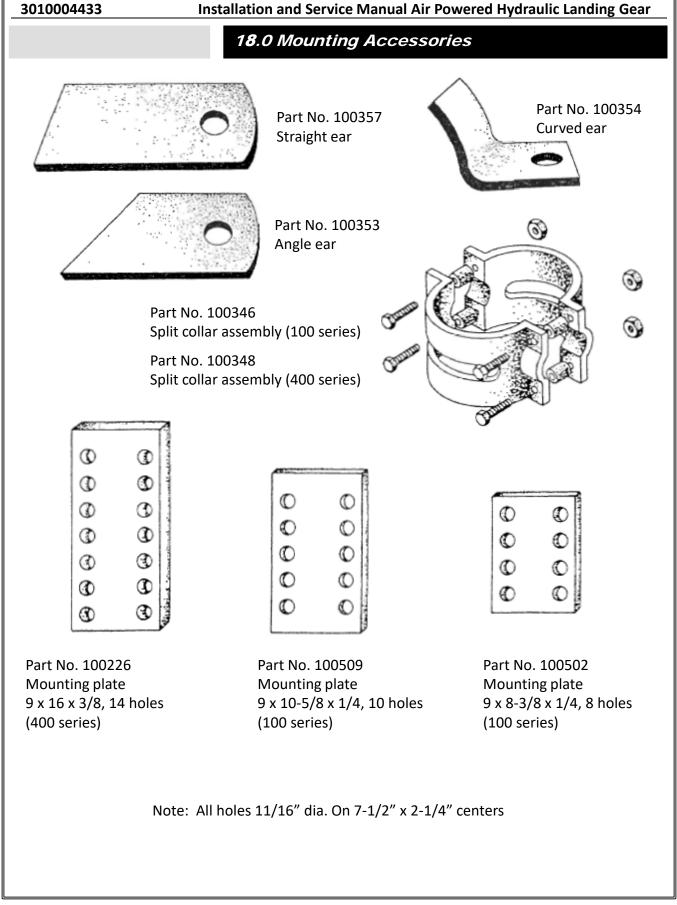
When all lubrication is completed, extend and retract legs full stroke. Excess grease will be pushed out of leg check valve vent.



Inject grease into vent hole or grease fitting (use hand grease gun only).



| Installation and Service Manual Air Powered Hydraulic Landing Gear |
|--|
| 17.0 Replacement Shoes |
| Part No. 100411 |
| For the convenience of Power-Packer customers, the replacement foot, or shoe, has been redesigned to facilitate an easier repair and replacement of damaged or worn feet. The new design should make changing feet simpler and less time-consuming. The following steps |
| illustrate the procedure. |
| Replacement Foot part number 100411. Retract leg. Remove damaged foot. Be sure not to cut into end cap of cylinder. There are two notches 180° apart on the end cap on the cylinder tube. Use these notches to start your cut. Place shoe halves under leg. Lower leg to shoe halves, shoe will self center, weld across the top. Retract leg and weld across the bottom. |
| |
| 1. Replacement Foot part number 1004112. Retract leg. foot. Be sure not to cut into end cap of cylinder |
| |
| 4. Place shoe halves 5. Lower leg to shoe 6. Retract leg and under leg. halves, shoe will self weld across the |



19.0 Identification - Leg Assembly



NOTE

Before calling the factory to order parts for your landing gear unit, please try to identify the series of control box and the model leg you have. If you have any doubts, contact the factory for assistance. Parts are available for all units, either direct replacement or a retrofit. Check parts manual for part numbers or consult factory for details at (800) 745-4142.

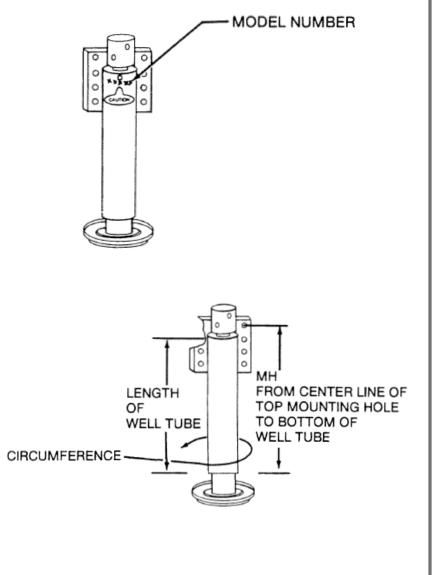
LEGS

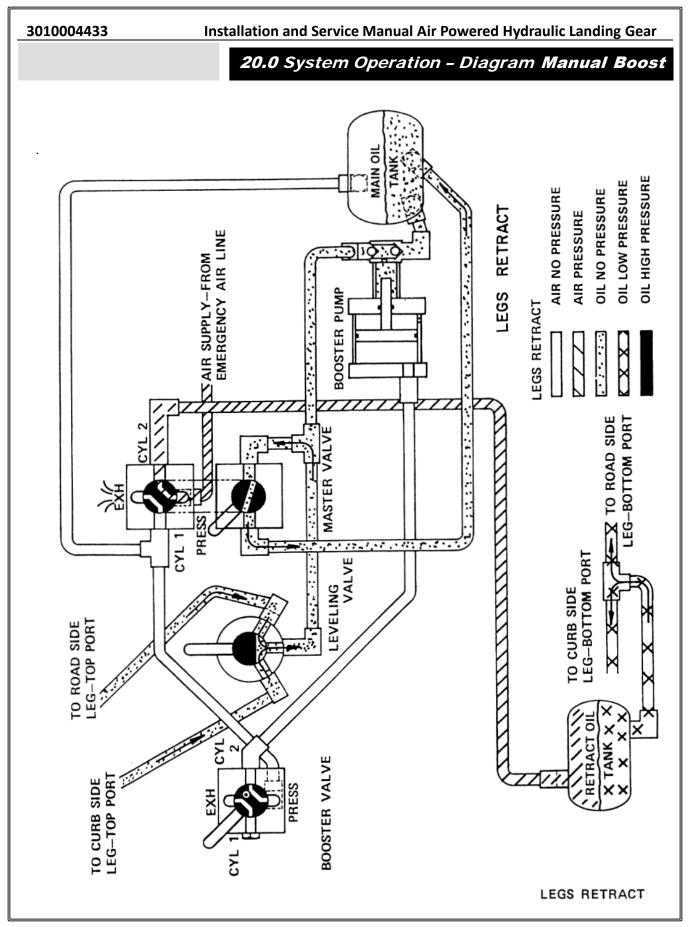
The model number for the legs is located on the well tube (outermost tube) between the 9/16 hex screw and the caution decal (see diagram).

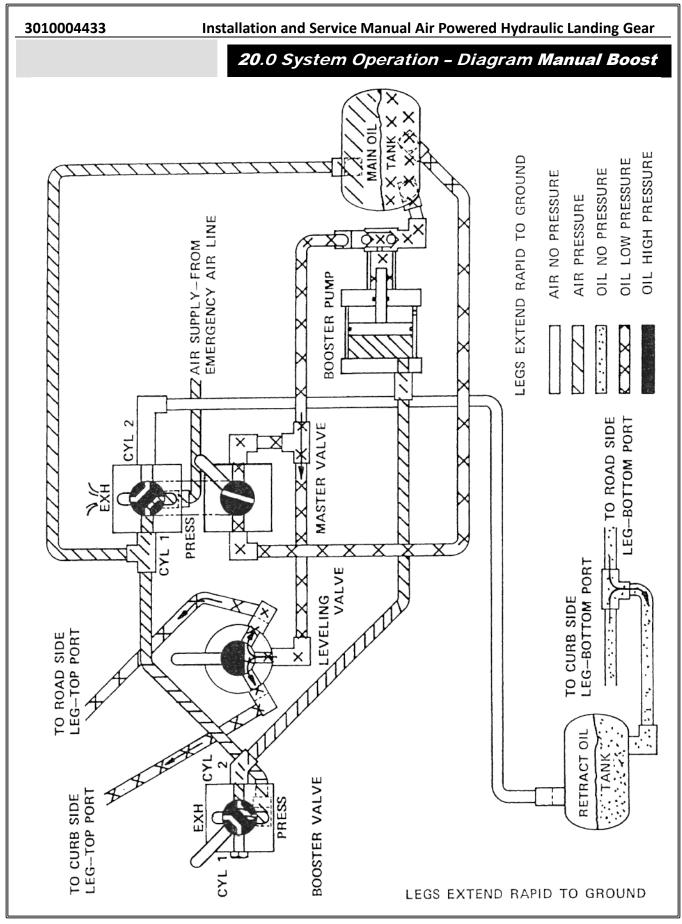


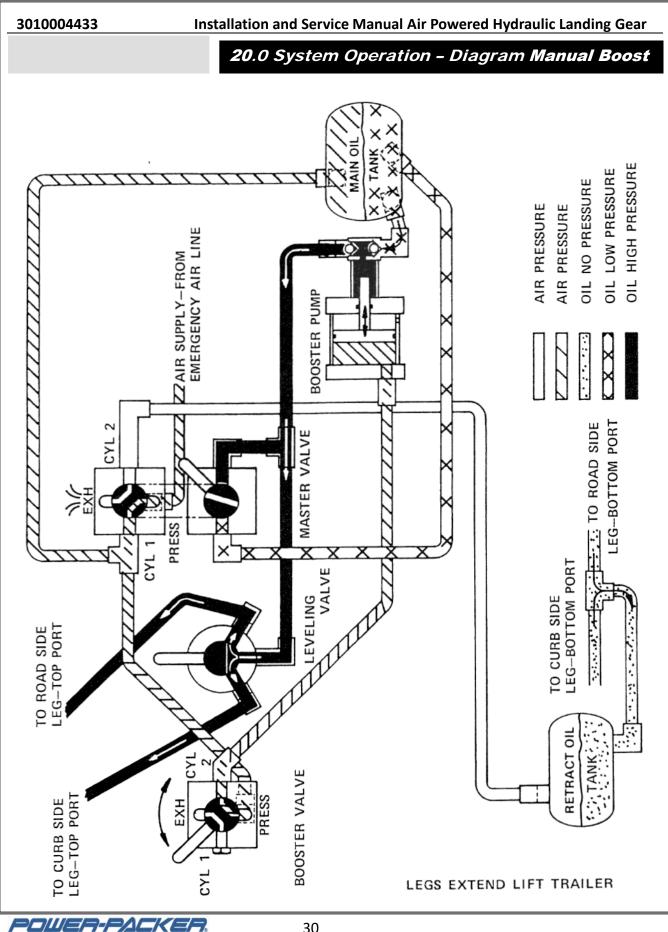
On some older model legs, the model number is not always located on the leg. Call the factory with the following three dimensions and we will determine what model leg you have:

- 1. Mounting height
- 2. Length of well tube
- 3. Circumference of well tube





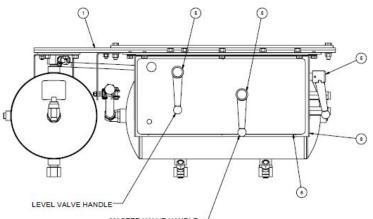


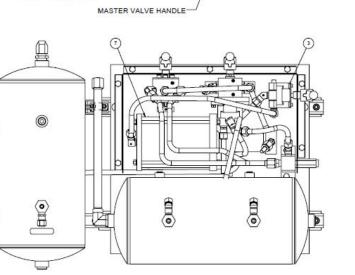


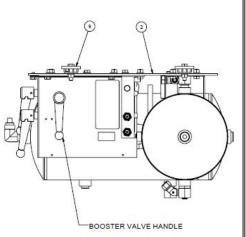
21.0 Manual Boost Control Box

No. 9010001342 (Standard), 9010001343 (High Pressure)

| Item | Part Number | Description | Qty |
|------|-------------|--------------------|-----|
| 1 | 100316 | Base channel | 2 |
| 2 | | Base plate | 1 |
| 3 | 100623 | Booster valve | 1 |
| 4 | | NOT USED | 1 |
| 5 | 100327-ES | Handle and pin kit | 3 |
| 6 | | Front decal | 1 |
| 7 | | NOT USED | 1 |
| 8 | 100321 | Side cover | 1 |
| 9 | | Hanger strip | 2 |







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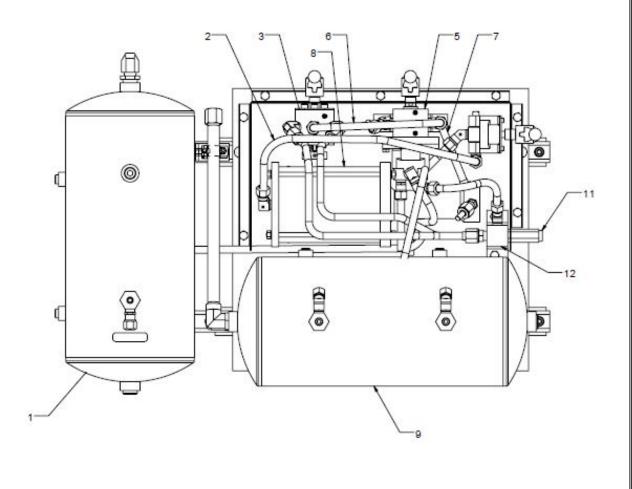
Installation and Service Manual Air Powered Hydraulic Landing Gear

21.0 Manual Booster Control Box – Internal

Part No. 9010001342 (Standard), 9010001343 (High Pressure)

| ltem | Part Number | Description | Qty |
|------|-------------|-------------------------------|----------|
| 1 | 1010003624 | Retract oil tank kit | 1 |
| 2 | 100190 | Steel line | 1 |
| 3 | 100120 | Leveling Valve | 1 |
| 4 | 100191 | Steel line | 1 |
| 5 | 101583 | Master valve | 1 |
| 6 | 100320 | Steel line | 1 |
| 7 | 100318 | Steel line | 1 |
| 8 | 100124 | Standard booster assembly | 1 |
| 9 | 1010003517 | Main oil tank replacement kit | 1 |
| 10 | | Manifold | 1 |
| 11 | 1004-038 | Shunt valve | 2 |
| 12 | | Nylon tube (typ.) | as req'd |

101641 High Pressure booster assembly used in 9010001343 Special order, inquire for availibility

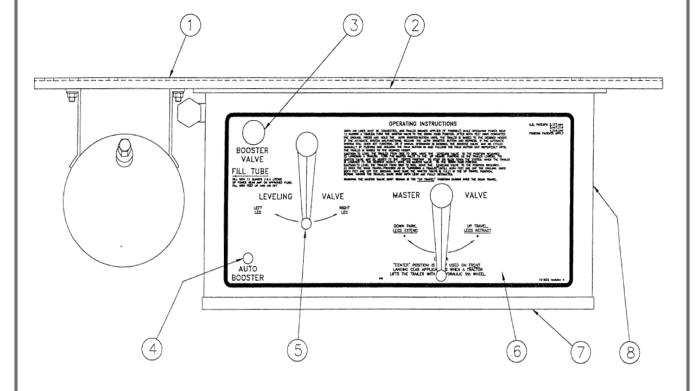


Installation and Service Manual Air Powered Hydraulic Landing Gear

22.0 Auto Booster Control Box - External

Part No. 9010001339

| Item | Part Number | Description | Qty |
|------|-------------|--------------------|-----|
| 1 | 100316 | Base channel | 2 |
| 2 | | Base plate | 1 |
| 3 | | Power valve button | 1 |
| 4 | 101573 | Air logic valve | 1 |
| 5 | 100327-ES | Handle and pin kit | 2 |
| 6 | | Front decal | 1 |
| 7 | | Bottom cover | 1 |
| 8 | | Side cover | 1 |
| 9 | | Hanger strip | 2 |

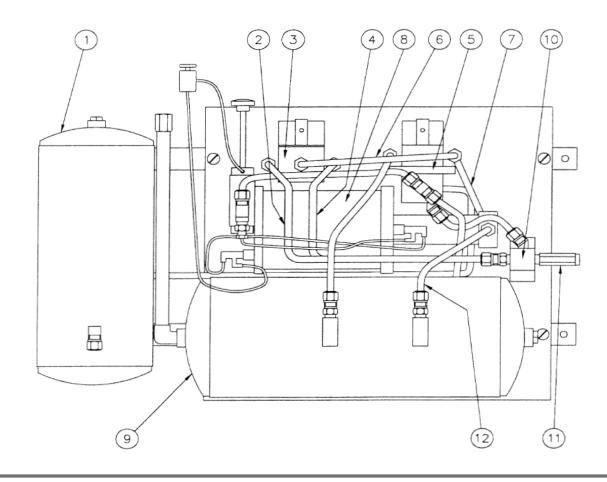


Installation and Service Manual Air Powered Hydraulic Landing Gear

22.0 Auto Booster Control Box - Internal

Part No. 9010001339

| ltem | Part Number | Description | Qty |
|------|-------------|-------------------------------|----------|
| 1 | 1010003624 | Retract oil tank kit | 1 |
| 2 | 100190 | Steel line | 1 |
| 3 | 100120 | Leveling line | 1 |
| 4 | 100191 | Steel line | 1 |
| 5 | 101583 | Master valve | 1 |
| 6 | 100320 | Steel line | 1 |
| 7 | 100318 | Steel line | 1 |
| 8 | 101680 | Auto booster assembly | 1 |
| 9 | 1010003530 | Main oil tank replacement kit | 1 |
| 10 | | Manifold | 1 |
| 11 | 1004-038 | Shunt valve | 2 |
| 12 | 001-BULK | Nylon tube (typ.) | as req'd |



Installation and Service Manual Air Powered Hydraulic Landing Gear

23.0 Master Valve

| Item | Part Number | Description | Qty | Part No. 101583 | |
|--------------------|----------------|--|-----|-----------------|--|
| 1 | * | Wiper | 1 | | |
| 2 Oil Return Block | | 1 | - | | |
| 3 | | Branch T (3/8 npt x 08.37° flare) | 1 | - | |
| 4 | | 90° elbow (3/8 npt x ½ comp.) | 2 | | |
| 5 | | Mounting bracket | 1 | | |
| 6 | | Hex head cap screw (3/8-16x3/4 lg) | 2 | | |
| 7 | | Lock Washer (3/8) | 2 | | |
| 8 | | Front adapter plate | 1 | | |
| 9 | | Socket head cap screw (1/4-28 x 5/8 lg.) | 2 | | |
| 10 | * | O-ring (3/4 i.d. x 1/8 c.s | 2 | | |
| 11 | | Valve spool | 1 | | |
| 12 | | Roll pin (5/32 dia. x 1" lg.) | 1 | | |
| 13 | | Roll pin (5/32 dia. x 1" lg.) | 4 | | |
| 14 | | Rear adapter plate | 1 | | |
| 15 | | Hex head cap screw (1/4-20 x 3/4 lg.) | 2 | | |
| 16 | | Lock washer (1/4) | 2 | | |
| 17 | * | O-ring (7/16 i.d. x 3/32 c.s.) | 1 | | |
| 18 | | Air valve | 1 | | |
| 19 | | Connector (3/8 npt x 1/2 comp.) | 1 | | |
| 20 | | 45° elbow (3/8 npt x 1/2 comp.) | 1 | | |
| 21 | | Grease fitting | 2 | (1) | |
| 22 | * | Gasket | 1 | C ² | |
| 23 | | | | 13 | |
| 24 | | Roll pin (1/4 dia x 1" lg.) | 2 | | |
| 25 | | Branch T (3/8 npt x 1/2 comp) | 1 | | |
| * | | Contained in valve repair kit 100224 | | | |
| | | | | | |

POWER-PACKER

Installation and Service Manual Air Powered Hydraulic Landing Gear

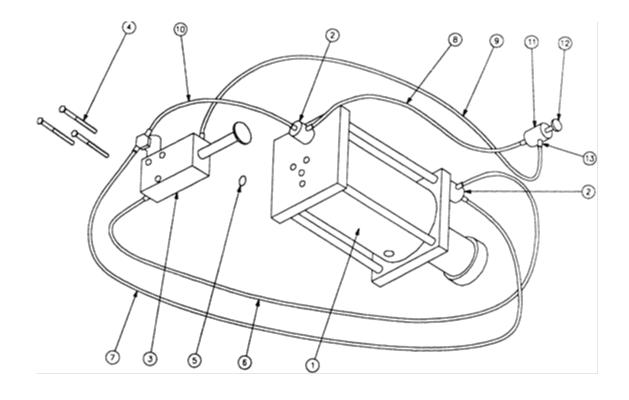
24.0 Auto Booster Assembly

Part No. 101677

| ltem | Part Number | Description | Qty | |
|------------|---|---------------------------|-----|--|
| 1 | | Auto booster sub assembly | 1 | |
| 2 | 101575 | Pilot valve assembly | 2 | |
| 3 | 101681 | Power valve assembly | 1 | |
| 4 | | Hex head cap screw | 3 | |
| 5 | | O-ring | 1 | |
| The follow | The following parts are not included in the auto booster assembly and must be ordered separately. | | | |
| 6 | * | Tubing-green, 17" | 1 | |
| 7 | * | Tubing-red, 17" | 1 | |
| 8 | * | Tubing-yellow, 14" | | |
| 9 | * | Tubing-black, 12" | 1 | |
| 10 | * | Tubing-red, 7" | 1 | |
| 11 | 101573 | Logic valve assembly | 1 | |
| 12 | NA | Logic valve button | | |
| 13 | * | Clamp | 9 | |
| | | | | |

Tubes included in part no. 101677 Not sold separately

Logic valve button not sold separately, included in 101573



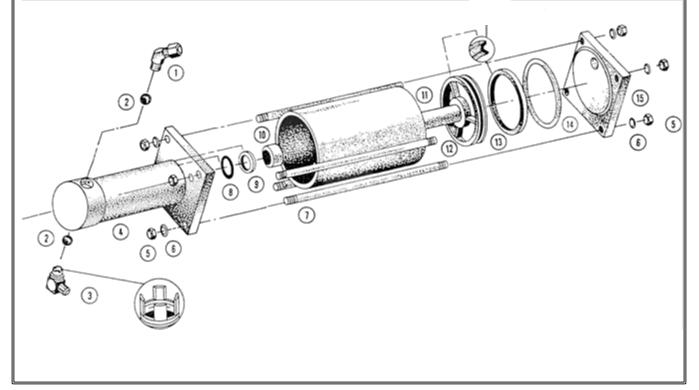
Installation and Service Manual Air Powered Hydraulic Landing Gear

25.0 Auto Booster Sub-Assembly

Part No. 101678

| ltem | Part Number | Description | Qty |
|------|----------------|----------------------------------|-----|
| 1 | | 45° elbow | 1 |
| 2 | | Steel ball | 2 |
| 3 | | Booster output port | 1 |
| 4 | | Booster nozzle | 3 |
| 5 | | Hex nut | 1 |
| 6 | | Lock washer | 1 |
| 7 | | Tie rod | 1 |
| 8 | * | O-ring | 1 |
| 9 | * | Back-up washer | 1 |
| 10 | | Stop tube | 1 |
| 11 | | Booster tube | 1 |
| 12 | | Piston rod assembly | 1 |
| 13 | * | U-cup | 1 |
| 14 | * | Back-up washer | 1 |
| 15 | | Blind end cap | 1 |
| | * | Order repair kit part no. 100408 | |

Note: Install u cup with lips facing blind end cap.

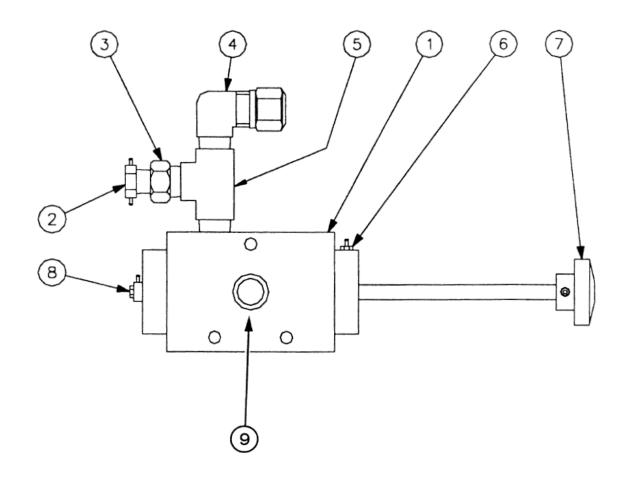


Installation and Service Manual Air Powered Hydraulic Landing Gear

26.0 Auto Boost Power Valve Assembly

Part No. 101681

| ltem | Part Number | Description | Qty |
|------|----------------|--------------------|-----|
| 1 | 101065 | Power valve | 1 |
| 2 | | Barbed tee | 1 |
| 3 | | Reducer | 1 |
| 4 | | Male elbow | 1 |
| 5 | | Street tee | 1 |
| 6 | | Male connector | 1 |
| 7 | | Power valve button | 1 |
| 8 | | Male swivel elbow | 1 |
| 9 | | O-ring | 1 |



| 3010004433 | Installation and Service Manual Air Powered Hydraulic Landing Ge | |
|------------|--|--|
| | 27.0 System Operation – Manual Booster | |
| | CONTROL BOX HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT OPERATION | |
| | The Landing Gear Manual Booster Control Box is an air powered hydraulic power supply designed to operate two Landing Gear Legs. The Control Box will supply high pressure hydraulic energy to extend the legs or lift the trailer and low pressure hydraulic to retract the legs. For best results, lock engine throttle at 1000-1200 rpm. | |
| | The Control Box has six (6) major components. They are: | |
| | Master Control Valve - The Master Control Valve has two parts, the rear or air portion and the front or oil return block. The Master Valve is used to extend or retract the legs. Leveling Valve - The Leveling Valve is used to adjust for uneven ground or load conditions and slows down or stops one leg or the other. Booster Valve - The Booster Valve is used to cycle the Booster | |
| | Pump. It is cycled manually by pushing and pulling the Manual Booster handle. (Item 3, page 34) | |
| | Booster Pump - The Booster Pump is the energy "transformer" that changes low pressure air energy into high pressure hydraulic energy to extend the legs. Main Oil Tank - The Main Oil Tank is used to store and pressurize the oil used to extend the legs. Retract Oil Tank -The Retract Oil Tank is used to store and pressurize the oil used to retract the legs. | |
| | CIRCUIT OPERATION RETRACT LEGS: To best explain circuit operation, first assume that both legs are at mid- stroke. Turning the Master Control Valve as far counter clockwise as it will go will put the Master Valve in the "legs retract" mode. In this position any air pressure in the Main Oil Tank is vented to atmosphere through the air portion of the Master Valve. Air Pressure from the emergency air brake line is connected to the Retract Oil Tank by the air portion of the Master Valve. At the Retract Tank the air pressure forces oil out to the bottom or retract port of the legs, causing the legs to retract. Oil returning from the top port or extended side of the legs comes in through the Leveling Valve. By turning the Leveling Valve handle one way or the other either leg may be partly or completely stopped. Oil flows out of the Leveling Valve and to the Booster Valve and to the Oil Return Block in the Master Valve. At the Booster Pump the oil is stopped from flowing by one of the ball checks in the Booster Nozzle but the oil can flow in the Master Valve and return to the Main Oil Tank. By moving the Master Valve handle SLIGHTLY clockwise, it is possible o slow the legs down as they retract. | |
| | When the legs are fully retracted, the air pressure in the Retract Tank will hold the legs up. The Master Valve should always be in the position for over-the-road travel. | |

Installation and Service Manual Air Powered Hydraulic Landing Gear

27.0 System Operation – Manual Booster cont.

CIRCUIT OPERATION cont. EXTEND LEGS:

To extend the legs, rotate the Master Valve handle clockwise as far as it will go. Air pressure inside the Retract Oil Tank is vented to atmosphere through the air portion of the Master Valve.

Air pressure from the emergency air brake line is connected to the Booster Valve and also to the Main Oil Tank.

The oil return passage in the Master Valve is blocked with the Master Valve in the legs extended position, and oil cannot flow through it (flow travels through booster nozzle).

LEGS EXTEND IN TWO PHASES:

PHASE 1:

The legs travel rapidly to the ground. At low pressure, no boosting required. The "LEGS EXTENDED, RAPID TO GROUND," oil flows from the main Oil Tank to the Booster Nozzle. The Booster Nozzle has two ball checks. The bottom check allows oil to flow into the Booster but not out. The top ball check allows oil to flow out but not in. This combination allows oil to flow through the Booster Nozzle, to the Leveling Valve and to the legs.

The Leveling Valve handle may be turned one way or the other to slow down or completely stop either leg. Oil from the "RETRACT' side of the leg returns to the Retract Oil Tank as the legs extend.

PHASE 2:

Once the legs reach the ground, air pressure alone is not enough to lift the trailer. In order to lift the trailer, the Booster Pump must be cycled. This is done by **cycling the Manual Booster Valve** until the trailer has been raised to the desired height.

The blind or back end of the Booster is vented to the atmosphere. Oil, under air pressure, from the Main Tank enters the Booster Nozzle and pushes the piston rod back. The top ball check in the nozzle keeps oil in the legs from "backing up" into the nozzle. Then air pressure is applied to the large area of the Booster Piston. This large volume of low pressure air forces the piston and rod assembly forward, into the nozzle, forcing a small volume of high pressure oil out of the nozzle, through the Leveling Valve and to the legs.

This cycle may be repeated as many times as needed to raise the trailer to the desired height.

To lower the trailer or to retract the legs, slowly move the Master Valve handle counterclockwise as far as it will go, to put the Master Valve in the "Legs Retract" position.

The Master Valve should always be in the "Legs Retract" position for over-the-road travel.

| 3010004433 | Installation and Service Manual Air Powered Hydraulic Landing Gear |
|------------|--|
| | 27.0 System Operation – Auto Booster |
| | CONTROL BOX HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT OPERATION |
| | The Landing Gear Auto Booster Control Box is an air powered hydraulic power supply designed to operate two Landing Gear Legs. The Control Box will supply high pressure hydraulic energy to extend the legs or lift the trailer and low pressure hydraulic to retract the legs. For best results, lock engine throttle at 1000-1200 rpm. |
| | The Control Box has six (6) major components. They are: |
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| | page 36). It can also be cycled manually by pushing and pulling the Power Valve (item 3, page 36) 4. Booster Pump - The Booster Pump is the energy "transformer" that changes low pressure air energy into high pressure hydraulic energy to extend the legs. 5. Main Oil Tank - The Main Oil Tank is used to store and pressurize the oil used to extend the legs. 6. Retract Oil Tank -The Retract Oil Tank is used to store and pressurize the oil used to retract the legs. 7. Logic Valve – Push to cycle booster valve, release to stop. |
| | CIRCUIT OPERATION RETRACT LEGS: To best explain circuit operation, first assume that both legs are at mid- stroke. Turning the Master Control Valve as far counter clockwise as it will go will put the Master Valve in the "legs retract" mode. In this position any air pressure in the Main Oil Tank is vented to atmosphere through the air portion of the Master Valve. Air Pressure from the emergency air brake line is connected to the Retract Oil Tank by the air portion of the Master Valve. At the Retract Tank the air pressure forces oil out to the bottom or retract port of the legs, causing the legs to retract. Oil returning from the top port or extended side of the legs comes in through the Leveling Valve. By turning the Leveling Valve handle one way or the other either leg may be partly or completely stopped. Oil flows out of the Leveling Valve and to the Booster Valve and to the Oil Return Block in the Master Valve. At the Booster Valve and to the Oil Return Block in the Master Valve and return to the Main Oil Tank. By moving the Mater Valve handle SLIGHTLY clockwise, it is possible o slow the legs down as they retract. When the legs are fully retracted, the air pressure in the Retract Tank will hold the legs up. The Master Valve should always be in the position for over-the-road travel. |

27.0 System Operation – Auto Booster cont.

CIRCUIT OPERATION cont. EXTEND LEGS:

To extend the legs, rotate the Master Valve handle clockwise as far as it will go. Air pressure inside the Retract Oil Tank is vented to atmosphere through the air portion of the Master Valve. Air pressure from the emergency air brake line is connected to the Booster Valve and also to the Main Oil Tank. The oil return passage in the Master Valve is blocked with the Master

Valve in the legs extended position, and oil cannot flow through it (flow travels through booster nozzle).

LEGS EXTEND IN TWO PHASES:

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The legs travel rapidly to the ground. At low pressure, no boosting required. The "LEGS EXTENDED, RAPID TO GROUND," oil flows from the main Oil Tank to the Booster Nozzle. The Booster Nozzle has two ball checks. The bottom check allows oil to flow into the Booster but not out. The top ball check allows oil to flow out but not in. This combination allows oil to flow through the Booster Nozzle, to the Leveling Valve and to the legs.

The Leveling Valve handle may be turned one way or the other to slow down or completely stop either leg. Oil from the "RETRACT' side of the leg returns to the Retract Oil Tank as the legs extend.

PHASE 2:

Once the legs reach the ground, air pressure alone is not enough to lift the trailer. In order to lift the trailer, the Booster Pump must be cycled. This is done by **pressing and holding** the Logic Valve until the trailer has been raised to the desired height. If the automatic system malfunctions, release the Logic Valve and repress. If the automatic system still does not function, or if manual operation is desired, the Booster Valve may be cycled manually **by pushing and holding the Power Valve in and pulling the Power Valve out repeatedly** until the trailer is raised to the desired height. Periodically the Power Valve (with black knob) may stick. To correct, push and pull knob out and continue to push the Logic Valve. As the Logic Valve is pushed the following occurs:

The blind or back end of the Booster is vented to the atmosphere. Oil, under air pressure, from the Main Tank enters the Booster Nozzle and pushes the piston rod back. The top ball check in the nozzle keeps oil in the legs from "backing up" into the nozzle. Then air pressure is applied to the large area of the Booster Piston. This large volume of low pressure air forces the piston and rod assembly forward, into the nozzle, forcing a small volume of high pressure oil out of the nozzle, through the Leveling Valve and to the legs.

This cycle may be repeated as many times as needed to raise the trailer to the desired height.

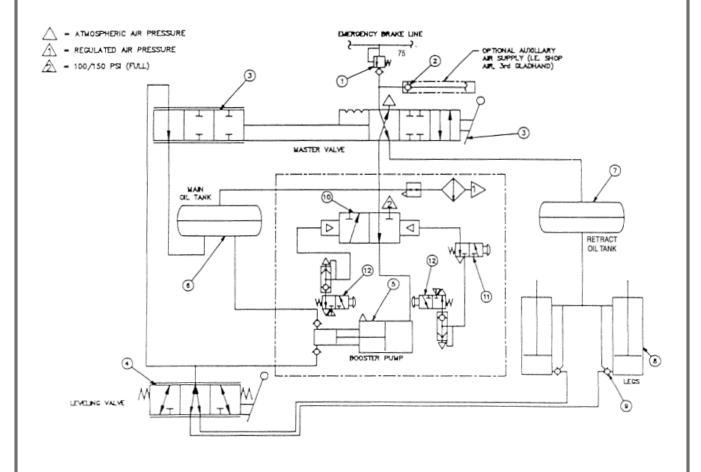
To lower the trailer or to retract the legs, slowly move the Master Valve handle counterclockwise as far as it will go as indicated in Phase 1.

Installation and Service Manual Air Powered Hydraulic Landing Gear

28.0 Auto Booster Schematic

| Item | Part Number | Description | Qty |
|------|----------------|---------------------------------|-----|
| 1 | 88640 | Pressure protection valve | 1 |
| 2 | | Supplied by customer | 1 |
| 3 | 101583 | Master valve | 1 |
| 4 | 100120 | Leveling Valve | 1 |
| 5 | * | Auto booster sub assembly | 1 |
| 6 | 1010003530 | Main oil tank replacement kit | 1 |
| 7 | 1010003624 | Retract oil tank replacementkit | 1 |
| 8 | * | Leg assembly | * |
| 9 | * | Check valve assembly | * |
| 10 | 101582 | Power valve assembly | 1 |
| 11 | 101573 | Logic valve assembly | 1 |
| 12 | 101575 | Pilot valve assembly | 2 |

* Part number and quantity will vary, see invoice or part to obtain information.



Installation and Service Manual Air Powered Hydraulic Landing Gear



Always support trailer in proper manner and loosen fittings and hoses carefully to vent possible trapped pressure. Use eye protection and trailer supports.



Use eye protection.

A tank may become overfilled in two ways. If the system is new or fluid just changed, it is likely that one of the tanks was filled with the legs in the wrong position. If a tank becomes overfilled after a period of normal use, then excess oil is being transferred from one tank to the other at the legs. This means one tank is to be drained and the other tank will need to be filled to the bottom of the fill port. The leg(s) may also need rebuilding.

| 29.0 | Troub | lesh | ooting |
|------|-------|------|--------|
| | | | 9 |

| Probable Cause | Diagnosis | Corrective Action | |
|---|--|--|--|
| | Problem: Legs leak down | | |
| Defective check valve seat | Extend legs so that they support the trailer 3-6" above jack stands. Disconnect air. Cycle master valve handle back and forth to vent air pressure from system. Remove both lines at each leg. Wipe any oil from around ports. Leave sit until oil is noticed leaking from one port or the other. If the TOP PORT leaks, the check valve is defective. If the BOTTOM PORT leaks, the leg seals are defective. | Rebuild or replace check valve or leg | |
| Defective leg seals | See above. | Rebuild leg | |
| Check valve stuck down | Leg leaks down very fast. | Rebuild check valve, polish piston and cavity with fine steel wool. | |
| Proble | m: Oil being exhausted from exhaust port | of master valve | |
| Overfilled tank(s) | With leg fully retracted, remove oil fill cap of main oil tank. If oil comes out, tank is overfilled. Replace fill cap. Fully extend legs. Remove fill plug. | Drain tank(s) to proper level. Oil level should be even with bottom of filler/level plugs. | |
| Problem: Leg will not free-travel (legs must be boosted down or pried up) | | | |
| Split collars too tight | Check the gap between the two split collar halves.There should be about 1/2 inch. | Loosen split collars ad retighten to 20-25 ft-lbs. | |
| Swollen or damaged seals | Raise the trailer with a trailer jack. Extend legs with booster pump as required. If legs must be boosted over entire stroke, then the leg should be rebuilt. If the leg will function normally over part of the stroke, then a bent leg is likely. | Rebuild legs. Check to see that an approved fluid is being used. | |
| Bent piston rod or other leg parts | If leg operation is tight in only a limited area, this is the most likely reason. | Rebuild leg and replace bent parts. | |
| Kinked or blocked lines | Check all lines for kinks or obstructions. | Reroute lines to eliminate kinks and clear out all obstructions in lines. | |
| Problem: Legs extend, but will not retract | | | |
| Dirty or corroded check valve piston cavity | Disassemble check valve and inspect. | Polish piston and cavity with fine steel wool, coat all areas with 0-00 grease. | |
| Check valve vent hole plugged | Inspect vent holes. | Clear obstruction. | |

Installation and Service Manual Air Powered Hydraulic Landing Gear

ACAUTION

Always support trailer in proper manner and loosen fittings and hoses carefully to vent possible trapped pressure. Use eye protection and trailer supports.



Use eye protection.



The following is not a cure for the problem, but is an emergency measure to be used as a one time remedy. Be sure unit is serviced to diagnose the actual cause of the problem, and the unit permanently repaired.

- 1. Disconnect air from unit.
- 2. Cycle master valve to vent air pressure from system.
- Switch the leg lines (put high pressure line on the bottom port and the low-pressure line on the top port) of both legs.
- 4. Connect air to trailer.
- 5. Put master valve in "down park" position.
- Cycle booster valve as required to lower trailer or push logic valve or pull back knob on auto booster system.
- 7. Repeat steps 1 and 2.
- 8. Return leg lines to their proper ports.
- 9. Do not operate unit again until the system is repaired as noted above.

29.0 Troubleshooting cont.

| Probable Cause | Diagnosis | Corrective Action | |
|---|--|---|--|
| Problem: Legs leak from retracted position to ground | | | |
| Master valve handle left in center position | | Keep master valve in "up travel" position. | |
| Air supply removed | | Reconnect air supply. | |
| Problem: Legs do not lift load (legs free-travel but lift load slowly or not at all). | | | |
| Low air pressure | Booster pump does not cycle. | Build air pressure to at least 100 psi. | |
| Low oil level in main oil tank | Unit lifts load to about the same position each time. Then the booster pump cycles but there is no lift. If the tank level is very low, the unit may not lift at all. | Fully retract legs. Fill main tank to bottom of fill port. | |
| Check valves in booster nozzle are not sealing | Booster pump cycles, main oil tank full, but unit does not lift. | Rebuild booster pump. Replace steel fittings if required. | |
| Ice in system | Problem only occurs in cold weather. | Requires supply air dryer. Thaw system, replace oil. | |
| Vent hole in booster pump plugged | Booster pump does not cycle. | Remove obstruction from vent hole. | |
| Booster pump seals leaking | Air or oil leaking from booster pump vent hole. | Rebuild booster pump. | |
| Booster pump will not cycle | Auto booster logic valves malfunction (Auto Booster units only). | See For Auto Booster Only section below. | |
| Booster pump cylinder tube damaged or rusted on the I.D. | Booster pump does not cycle. | Remove rust or replace tube. | |

PROBLEM: If the booster automatically cycles in one direction, but not the other, the probable cause is the pilot valves, Item 2, page 37).

The pilot valve on the blind end (power valve end) pushes the power valve "in." The signal is routed through the logic valve assembly part number 101573.

The pilot valve on the nozzle end pushes the power valve out.

The easiest way to determine if a signal is working is to disconnect the signal line from the quick exhaust on the pilot valve (the red tube(s), see page 37 and manually cycle the booster pump with the power valve (black knob), the fitting on the quick exhaust should blow air when, and only when, the piston is at the appropriate end of stroke. That is, the valve on the nozzle end should only blow air when the power valve is pushed in and the piston reaches the end stroke, and the blind end valve should only blow air when the power valve is pushed in reaches the end of the stroke.

POWER-PACKER

Installation and Service Manual Air Powered Hydraulic Landing Gear

A CAUTION

Always support trailer in proper manner and loosen fittings and hoses carefully to vent possible trapped pressure. Use eye protection and trailer supports.



Use eye protection.



Generally the color coded urethane tubing is reusable, but if new tubing is needed order tube kit 101586.

29.0 Auto Booster Only Troubleshooting cont.

If the pilot valve does not blow air at all, or blows air continuously, then there is a problem, and the pilot valve assembly part number 101575 should be replaced. If this condition is found it is also advisable to replace the logic valve and button (part number 101573).

One cause of several problems at initial assembly is the universal nipple between the pilot valve and the quick exhaust. This nipple has a fixed end and an adjustable end, similar to a o-ring boss x o-ring boss nipple. If the adjustable end is on the pilot valve side, the lock nut may allow too much of the nipple to stick inside the valve, and cause binding in the pilot valve.

The logic valve simply interrupts the pilot signal from the blind end pilot valve. When the valve is actuated, the signal from the blind end pilot valve is stopped. When the valve is actuated, the signal is passed on to the power valve. The logic valve also allows the pilot pressure to be vented thought the blind end pilot valve as the piston leaves the blind end of the booster.

Problem: If the power valve becomes damaged or leaks excessively, the system may not function, item 3, page 37.

Besides physical damage to the valve, the seals on the manual actuator end of the valve spool can leak enough air to cause the valve not to shift. The probable cause for this is bending of the actuator rod, or some type of side load.

The spool seals are more or less floating sealed, and forcing the spool to one side of the cavity can cause excessive leaking, both of the pilot chambers, and of the actual flow paths. If leakage or difficult manual movement is observed, replace the power valve assembly, 101582.

It is normal for the power valve spool (moves in-and-out) to stick randomly. To correct the situation push or pull on the power valve's black knob and continue to push the logic valve button to achieve "Auto Booster Operation." If Auto Booster function still does not operate, the booster may be cycled manually by pushing-pause-pulling-pause etc., to achieve booster operation.

Installation and Service Manual Air Powered Hydraulic Landing Gear

30.0 Warranty

Power-Packer warrants to the Purchaser that the product shall be free from defects in material and workmanship at the time of manufacture and appearing within 12 months from the Product's date of sale by Power-Packer.

Power-Packer makes no other warranties or representations, express or implied, by operation of law or otherwise, including but not limited to any express or implied warranty as to merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose.

This warranty shall not extend to claims that result, in Power-Packer's judgment, from misuse, negligence, neglect, accident, alteration, use contrary to instructions (including, but not limited, to moving a vehicle without retracting legs), installation contrary to instructions or recommended installation practice, use of unauthorized components or parts, or unauthorized repair or service.

In addition, Power-Packer shall not be liable on any claims under this warranty with respect to which purchaser shall not have given notice to Power-Packer within 30 days of purchaser receiving notice of the facts giving rise to such claim.



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